Conclusions on performance



- Execution time and memory use are very important properties of a program
 - They determine whether the program is practical or not!
- Computational complexity, which analyzes performance using asymptotic analysis, is a very useful way to study performance
 - We define three concepts, big-O (upper bound), big-Ω (lower bound), and big-Θ (both upper and lower bounds), to quantify performance
 - Performance depends on the distribution of inputs to the algorithm.
 We look at best case, average case, and worst case performance.
- Practical performance depends on three aspects
 - Hardware performance, which (still) obeys Moore's Law
 - Program optimization, a dangerous approach
 - Fundamental properties of the problem (e.g., NP-completeness)